

## POETRY.

From the New Monthly Magazine.  
**THE FALLEN LEAVES.**

BY MISS NORTON.

We stand among the fallen leaves,  
Young children at our play—  
And laugh to see the yellow things  
Go rushing on their way!  
Right merrily we hunt them down,  
The autumn winds and we;  
Nor pause to gaze where snow drifts lie,  
Or sun beams gild the tree.  
With dancing feet we leap along  
Where withered boughs are strown;  
Nor past nor future checks our song—  
The present is our own.

We stand among the fallen leaves  
In youth's enchanted spring—  
When Hope (who waxes at the last)  
First spreads her eagle wing.  
We tread with steps of conscious strength  
Beneath the leafless trees,  
And the colorless in our cheek  
And blows the winter breeze;  
While, gazing toward to cold, gray sky,  
Clouded with snow and rain,  
We wish the old year past by,  
And young spring come again.

We stand among the fallen leaves  
In manhood's mighty prime—  
When first our pausing hearts begin  
To love "the olden time;"  
And, as we gaze, we sigh to think  
How many a year hath passed  
Since "neath those cold and faded trees  
Our footsteps wandered last;  
And old companions—now perchance  
Estranged, forgot or dead—  
Come round us as those autumn leaves  
Are crushed beneath our tread.

We stand among the fallen leaves  
In our own autumn day—  
And tottering on feeble steps,  
Pursue our cheerless way.  
We look not back—too long ago  
Hath all we loved been lost;  
Nor forward—for we may not live  
To see our new hopes cross'd;  
But on we go—the sun's faint beam  
A feeble warmth imparts—  
Childhood without its joy returns—  
The present fills our hearts.

## HOME.

BY BERNARD BARTON.

Where burns the loved hearth brightest,  
Cheering the social breast;  
Where beats the fond heart lightest,  
His humble hopes possessed;  
Where is the smile of sadness  
Of meek-eyed patience born,  
With more than those of gladness,  
Which mirth's bright cheeks adorn?  
Pleasure is marked by fleetness,  
To those who ever roam;  
While grief itself has sweetness  
At home! dear home!

There blend the ties that strengthen  
Our hearts in hours of grief,  
The silver links that lengthen  
Joy's visits when most brief:  
Their eyes in all their splendor,  
Are vocal to the heart,  
And glances gay or tender  
Fresh eloquence impart;  
Then, dost thou sigh for pleasure?  
O! do not widely roam;  
But seek that hidden treasure  
At home! dear home!

Does pure religion charm thee  
Far more than aught below?  
Wouldst thou that she should arm thee  
Against the hour of woe?  
Think not she dwelleth only  
In temples built for prayer;  
For home itself is lonely  
Unless her smiles be there:  
The devotee may falter,  
The bigot blindly roam,  
If worshipless his altar  
At home! dear home!

Love over it presideth,  
With meek and watchful awe,  
Its daily service guideth,  
And shows its perfect law;  
If there thy faith shall fail thee,  
If there no shrine be found,  
What can thy prayers avail thee  
With kneeling crowds around?  
Go! leave thy gift unoffered,  
Beneath religion's dome,  
And be her first fruits proffered  
At home! dear home!

## MORAL & RELIGIOUS.

### DYING SCENES.

Cardinal Wolsey, when dying, by slow progress and short journeys, reached Leicester Abbey. He was received with the greatest respect. His only observation was, "Father Abbot, I come to lay my bones among you." He died three days after, with great composure and fortitude. He said shortly before his death—"Had I served my God as diligently as I have served the king, he would not have forsaken me in my gray hairs; but this is the just reward I must receive for my pains and study, in not regarding my service to God, but only to my prince."

M. de La Harpe, one of the first literary characters of the last century, who for many years labored to spread the principles of the French philosophy, but afterwards became a most strenuous defender of Christianity, on the evening before his death was visited by a friend. He was listening to the prayers for the sick; as soon as they were concluded, he stretched forth his hand, and said—"I am grateful to Divine mercy for having left me sufficient recollection to feel how consoling these prayers are to the dying."

Sir Walter Raleigh behaved on the scaffold with the greatest composure. Having vindicated his conduct in an eloquent speech, he felt the edge of the axe, observing with a smile—"It is a sharp medicine, but a sure remedy for all woes." Being asked how he would lay himself on the block, he replied—"So the heart be right, it is no matter which way the head lies."

Sir John Hawkins has recorded of Dr. Johnson, that when suffering under that disease which ended in his dissolution he addressed his friends in the following words: You see the state I am in, conflicting with bodily pain and mental distraction. While you are in health and strength, labor to do good and avoid evil, if you ever wish to escape the distress that oppresses me.

The father of William Penn was opposed to his son's religious principles; but finding he acted with sincerity, was at last reconciled. When dying, he adjured him to do nothing contrary to his conscience. "So," said he, "you will keep peace within, which will be a comfort in the day of trouble."

Locke, the day before his death, addressed Lady Masham, who was sitting by his bedside, exhorting her to regard this world only as a state of preparation for a better. He added, that he had lived long enough, and expressed his gratitude to God for the happiness that had fallen to his lot.

The author of Hervey's Meditations, when on his sick bed, observed that his time had been too much occupied in reading the historians, orators, and poets of ancient and modern times, and that were he to renew his studies, he would devote his attention to the Scriptures.

Latimer, when he beheld a faggot, ready kindled, laid at Ridley's feet, exclaimed, "Be of good cheer, master Ridley, and play the man; we shall this day light such a candle in England, as I hope, by God's grace, shall never be put out."

**DRESS OF MIND.** On Sunday morning before going to church, what a dressing there is among all classes, and what a stir to appear gay and pleasing. It is quite sufficient for the great purpose of our existence to wash the outside of the platter. Curly may be arranged, fine tortoise shell combs fixed, sparkling ear rings hung, splendid garments displayed, and yet the gay fair one's mind may be poisoned with conceit, troubled with rivalry and kept on the torture by ignorance and vanity. Windsor soap does not wash out stains of the heart. Cologne water cannot throw a fragrance over an impure mind, nor will all the rubies of Golconda dazzle the recording angel into a forgetfulness of filling up the leaves of the book of retribution.—*Zion's Herald.*

## To Physicians.

A FULL and complete assortment of DRUGS AND MEDICINES, at the lowest prices. Orders by stage or otherwise, promptly attended to.

HIRAM TRACY.

Wells River, Aug. 25, 1837.

## Foundry and Machine Shop.

THE Subscriber respectfully informs the inhabitants of the County of Caledonia and its vicinity, that he is now ready to answer all orders for IRON CASTINGS AND MACHINERY. His Foundry is under the superintendence of Mr. JOHN C. PADDOCK, who is an experienced workman in all the various branches of the Iron Foundry business, such as Loom, Dry Sand, and Common Moulding. His workmen are of good habits, and well acquainted with the business. The Furnace will be kept in constant operation with a good Stock of Iron and Coal. Scotch Iron will be kept constantly on hand for Machinery and other castings.

His Machine Shop is under the superintendence of Mr. AMASA KASSON, who is a first rate workman, both in Iron and Wood. Within the last year the Machine Shop has been furnished with new TURNING LATHES, or ENGINES, one of which is superior to any in the State. It is constructed for turning large Shafts, Mill Spindles, Sawmill Cranks, Gudgeons, &c. and for boring Cylinders, Pumps, Hubs, Boxes, &c. &c. This Lath will turn the length of fourteen feet, and diameter of three feet. He has one other Lath for cutting screws of all kinds, such as taps for screw plates, right and left hand thread, thread of different shape, such as square, sharp or conical.

Among the articles manufactured at the works, are TURNING LATHES of all kinds, for wood and iron, CAST IRON WHEEL HUBS, for large and small wagons, with wrought iron axletrees, turned and fitted in the nearest order; also, axletrees with pipe boxes.

Orders for patterns, Castings, or Machinery, left with J. C. Paddock, at the Foundry, or by mail, will be promptly attended to.

HUXHAM PADDOCK.

St. Johnsbury, Aug. 1837.

## Notice.

THOSE indebted to the subscriber, or to the late firm of Brackett & Bacon, are informed that he will be at the Store of John Bacon at Passumpsic Village on Tuesday and Friday of each week until the first day of October for the purpose of closing his business.

The time has arrived when said demands should be paid, and a further extension than the above time must not be expected for necessity compels him to say that it cannot be granted.

Those that do not avail themselves of this opportunity to make payment may find their demands in possession of Charles Davis, Esq. of Danville. S. G. BRACKETT.

Waterford, Lower Village, Aug. 1, 1837.

## Look! Look!

THE subscribers are intending to start for Boston the first of next month, previous to which time they must receive lots of cash. Those from whom cash is due are requested to help us to the "needful."

SHEED & JEWETT.

September 16, 1837.

N. B. To those having Butter to dispose of we would say—we will take it on debt at a price we may mutually agree upon, or we will sell it in Boston and account for the avails. Any wishing to let us have Butter are requested to bring it in soon.

S. & J.

## White Lead, Linseed Oil, &c.

1000 LBS. Philadelphia White Lead, a superior article; 100 Gallons Linseed Oil; White Lead ground in Oil, Spirits Turpentine, together with a complete assortment of PAINTS; for sale by HIRAM TRACY.

Wells River, Aug. 25, 1837.

4-4w

**CREAM COLOR.** Observing a young cit gazing very earnestly the other day at a dark yellowish horse, we asked him what there was about the animal that so enchained his admiration. "My thunder! I expected to find that horse of a sky blue color." Why so? "Why Tom says he's a cream colored horse, and if cream in Boston ain't blue, then there's no snakes!" One half the people in the city don't know the true color of milk or cream, unless peradventure they stray in the country. The article under that name which they get from the suburbs is so diluted before it reaches them, that it is about the color of a cloud tolerably well charged with water.—*Claremont Eagle.*

## To Farmers.

JOHN C. CROSMAN, manufacturer and keeper constantly for sale, at his shop, STRAW CUTTERS, which for usefulness and cheapness are superior to any other machine of the kind in use, as will appear by the following testimony of gentlemen who have used them and tested their utility.

## STRAW CUTTER.

The undersigned having used the straw cutters made by John C. Crosmann of St. Johnsbury, give it as our opinion that in cheapness, durability and usefulness they exceed any machine in known use, as fodder saving machines.

It is not liable to get out of repair, occupying a very small space, and so light as to be easily carried under the arm. We cheerfully recommend the use of it to every farmer, for the purpose of cutting straw, hay or corn fodder, fully believing that it will in one winter save in fodder more than double the expense of a machine.

CHARLES ROBERTS,

JOSEPH H. INGALLS,

SILAS HOUGHTON,

E. B. CHASE,

E. FAIRBANKS,

EZRA IDE,

LEONARD HARRINGTON,

St. Johnsbury Plain, Sept. 7, 1837.

6-11

## MOFFAT'S LIFE PILLS and PHOENIX BITTERS.

IN A CONTRAST.—All nations, from the remotest ages, have had ships, but Columbus only found out the way to America. Before the time of the great Spanish navigator, people were only enabled to paddle about the shores. Just so with the Life Medicines. It is but two short years since I first ventured upon an unknown ocean, and I have discovered the precious object I was in search of—HEALTH. Vegetable medicines were indeed known when I commenced my search, but their use was not. By the use of them, I have not only passed from the doctored invalid to the hale, hearty and active man of business, but, comparatively speaking, I have renewed my youth. I can thus, with confidence in my own experience, advise with my fellow-citizens. Does the reader want proof that the VEGETABLE LIFE MEDICINES are suitable to his own case? I have on file at my office, 546 Broadway, hundreds of letters, from some of the most respectable citizens of this my native land, voluntarily offered in testimony of the virtues of A GOOD VEGETABLE MEDICINE.

Persons whose constitutions have been nearly ruined by the "all-infallible" mineral preparations of the day, will bear me witness, that the Life Medicines, and such only, are the true course to permanent good health.

JOHN MOFFAT.

GENERAL REMARKS RELATIVE TO MOFFAT'S LIFE PILLS AND PHOENIX BITTERS.

These medicines have long been known and appreciated, for their extraordinary and immediate powers of restoring perfect health to persons suffering under nearly every kind of disease to which the human frame is liable. In many hundreds of certificated instances, they have even rescued sufferers from the very verge of an untimely grave, after all the deceptive nostrums of the day have utterly failed; and to many thousands they have permanently secured that uniform enjoyment of health, without which life itself is but a partial blessing. So great, indeed, has their efficacy invariably and infallibly proved, that it has appeared scarcely less than miraculous to those who were unacquainted with the beautifully philosophical principles upon which they are compounded, and upon which they consequently act. It was to their manifest and sensible action in purifying the springs and channels of life, and ending them with renewed tone and vigor, that they were indebted for their name, which was bestowed upon them at the spontaneous request of several individuals whose lives they had obviously saved.

The proprietor reserves in the opportunity afforded by the universal diffusion of the daily press, for placing this VEGETABLE LIFE PILLS within the knowledge and reach of every individual in the community. Unlike the host of pernicious quackeries, which boast of vegetable ingredients, the Life Pills are purely and solely vegetable, and containing neither Mercury, Antimony, Arsenic, nor any other mineral, in any form whatever. They are entirely composed of extracts from rare and powerful plants, the virtues of which, though long known to several Indian tribes, and recently to some eminent pharmaceutical chemists, are altogether unknown to the ignorant pretenders to medical science; and were never before administered in so happily efficacious a combination.

Their first operation is to loosen from the coats of the stomach and bowels, the various impurities and crudities constantly settling around them; and to remove the feces which collect in the convolutions of the small intestines. Other medicines only partially cleanse these, and leave such collected masses behind, as to produce habitual costiveness, with all its train of evils, or sudden diarrhoea, with its imminent dangers. This fact is well known to all regular anatomists, who examine the human bowels after death; and hence the prejudice of these well informed men against the quack medicines of the age. The second effect of the VEGETABLE LIFE PILLS is to cleanse the kidneys and the bladder, and by this means, the liver and the lungs, the healthful action of which entirely depends upon the regularity of the urinary organs. The blood which takes its red color from the agency of the liver and lungs before it passes into the heart, being thus purified by them, and nourished by food coming from the clean stomach, courses freely through the veins, renews every part of the system, and triumphantly mounts the summit of life in the blooming cheek.

The following are among the distressing variety of human diseases, to which the Vegetable Life Pills are well known to be infallible—

DYSPEPSIA, by thoroughly cleansing the first and second stomachs, and creating a flow of pure healthy bile, instead of the stale and acrid kind;—Flatulency, Palpitation of the Heart, Loss of Appetite, Heart-burn and Head-ache, Restlessness, Ill-temper, Anxiety, Languor, and Melancholy, which are the general symptoms of Dyspepsia, will vanish, as a natural consequence of its cure. Costiveness, by cleansing the whole length of the intestines with a solvent process, and without violence; all violent purges leave the bowels costive within two days. Diarrhoea and Cholera, by removing the sharp acid fluids by which these complaints are occasioned, and by promoting the lubricative secretion of the mucous membrane. Fevers of all kinds, by restoring the blood to a regular circulation, through the process of perspiration in some cases, and the thorough solution of all intestinal obstructions in others. The LIFE PILLS have been known to cure Rheumatism permanently in three weeks, and Gout in half that time, by removing local inflammation from the muscles and ligaments of the joints. Dropsies of all kinds, by freeing and strengthening the kidneys and bladder; they operate most delightfully upon these important organs, and hence have ever been found a certain remedy for the worst cases of Gravel. Also, Worms, from dislodging from the turnings of the bowels the styma matter to which these creatures adhere; Asthma and Consumption,

We copy, says the Baltimore Chronicle, the following from the back of a two dollar note which came into our possession in the course of business. There is both poetry and truth in the lines.  
"Go ragged wanderer through a world of care,  
I dare not keep thee longer, if I would,  
Lest when I wish to spend thee, I should hear  
Some horrid tale of thy not being told.  
I now believe what I have oft been told,  
That thou art what is meant by Jackson Gold!"

by relieving the air vessels of the lungs from the mucus, which even slight colds will occasion, which if not removed becomes hardened, and produces those dreadful diseases. Scurvy, Ulcers and Incurable Sores, by the perfect purity which these Life Pills give to the blood, and all the humors; Scalding Eruptions, and Bad Complexions, by their alternative effect upon the fluids that feed the skin, the morbid state of which occasions all Eruptions, Complaints, Sallow, Cloudy, and other disagreeable Complexions. The use of these Pills for a very short time, will effect an entire cure of Salt Rheum, Erysipelas, and a striking improvement in the Clearness of the skin. Common Colds and Influenza, will always be cured by one dose, or by two, even in the worst cases. Piles, as a remedy for this most distressing and obstinate malady, the Vegetable Life Pills deserve a distinct and emphatic recommendation. It is well known to hundreds in this city, that the Proprietor of these invaluable Pills, was himself afflicted, with this complaint for upwards of thirty-five years, and that he tried in vain every remedy prescribed within the whole compass of the Materia Medica. He however, at length, tried the medicine which he now offers to the public, and he was cured in a very short time, after his recovery had been pronounced not only improbable, but absolutely impossible, by any human means.

**DIRECTIONS FOR USE.**—The Proprietor of the Vegetable Life Pills does not follow the base and mercenary practice of the quacks of the day, in advising persons to take his Pills in large quantities. No good medicine can possibly be so required. These Pills are to be taken at bed time every night, for a week or fortnight, according to the obstinacy of the disease. The usual dose is from 2 to 5, according to the constitution of the person. Very delicate persons should begin with but two, and increase as the nature of the case may require; those more robust, or of very costive habits, may begin with three, and increase to 4, or even 5 Pills, and they will effect a sufficiently happy change to guide the patient in their further use. These Pills sometimes occasion sickness and vomiting, though very seldom, unless the stomach is very full; this, however, may be considered a favorable symptom, as the patient will find himself at once relieved, and by perseverance will soon recover. They usually operate within 10 or 12 hours, and never give pain, unless the bowels are very much encumbered. They may be taken by the most delicate females under any circumstances. It is, however, recommended, that those in later periods of pregnancy should take but one at a time, and then continue to keep the bowels open; and even two may be taken when the patient is very costive. One pill in a solution of two table spoons full of water, may be given to an infant in the following doses—a tea spoon full every two hours till it operates; for a child from one to five years of age, half a pill—and from five to ten, one pill.

THE PHOENIX BITTERS, are so called, because they possess the power of restoring the expiring embers of health, to a glowing vigor throughout the constitution, as the Phoenix is said to be restored to life from the ashes of its own dissolution. The Phoenix Bitters are entirely vegetable, composed of roots found only in certain parts of the western country, which will infallibly cure FEVERS AND AGUES of all kinds; will never fail to eradicate entirely all the effects of Mercury, infinitely sooner than the most powerful preparations of Sarsaparilla, and will immediately cure the determination of BLOOD TO THE HEAD; never failing in the sickness incident to young females; and will be found a certain remedy in all cases of nervous debility and weakness of the most impaired constitutions. As a remedy for Chronic and Inflammatory Rheumatism, the efficacy of the Phoenix Bitters will be demonstrated by the use of a single bottle. The usual dose of these bitters is half a wine glass full, in water or wine, and this quantity may be taken two or three times a day, about half an hour before meals, or a less quantity may be taken at all times. To those who are afflicted with indigestion after meals, these bitters will prove invaluable, as they greatly increase the action of the principal viscera, help them to perform their functions, and enable the stomach to discharge into the bowels whatever is offensive. Thus indigestion is easily and speedily removed, appetite restored, and the mouths of the absorbent vessels being cleansed, nutrition is facilitated, and strength of body and energy of mind are the happy results. For further particulars of MOFFAT'S LIFE PILLS, and PHOENIX BITTERS, apply at Mr. Moffat's office, No. 546 Broadway, New-York, where the Pills can be obtained for 25 cents, 50 cents, or \$1 per box; and the Bitters for \$1 of \$2 per bottle. Numerous certificates of the wonderful efficacy of both, may be there inspected.

In some obstinate and complicated cases of chronic and inflammatory Rheumatism, Liver Complaints, Fever and Ague, Dyspepsia, Palsy, Piles, injuries from the use of mercury, and other diseases of long standing, it may be found necessary to take both the Life Pills and the Phoenix Bitters, in the doses before recommended.

N. B.—These Pills and Bitters will get all mercury out of the system infinitely faster than the best preparations of Sarsaparilla, and are a certain remedy for the rushing of blood to the head, or all violent headaches, double vision, &c.—All persons who are predisposed to apoplexy, palsy, &c., should never be without the Life Pills or the Bitters, for one dose in time will save life. They equalize the circulation of the blood, draw all pressure from the head, restore perspiration, and throw off every impurity by the pores of the skin.

For sale by L. J. Kewett, St. Johnsbury.

## Look at This.

CONSTANTLY on hand and for sale at my Factory at H. Paddock's Furnace, WINDOW SASH, of various kinds and sizes. PANNEL DOORS, of 4, 6, and 8 panels, from 1 to 2 inches thick. Suitable for outside and inside doors. Window Blinds of different sizes.

He would just say to the public that his Sash, Blinds and Doors made of the first rate stock by experienced workmen, and in the latest style, and sold on reasonable terms. Please to call and look.

N. B. All orders by Mail or otherwise punctually attended to.

LINDORF MORRIS

St. Johnsbury, August 7, 1837.

## Bible and School Book Depository.

ROBY, KIMBALL & MERRILL, North End, Main Street, Concord, N. H. PUBLISHERS and keep for sale a large supply of which are, the Family and School BOOKS, among which are, the Family and School Bible, with a map of Palestine, Copper Plates, Index, and Brown's Concordance; also, the Polyglot and small Bibles, done up in various styles of binding; a very neat Testament, on large type, for old people. Orders for School Books properly attended to, on liberal terms.

Concord, N. H. August 1, 1837.

1-8w

## Powder.

30 BBL'S. POWDER from Smith's Mills Southwick, Ms. for sale at manufacturers' prices, by HIRAM TRACY.

Wells River, Aug. 25, 1837.

4-4w

Two whiskered dandies, went the other day to the Academy of Fine Arts. On reading the inscription over the door, "no dogs admitted," the foremost turned to his friend and wittily observed, "you must go back, Fred, you see they don't admit you." "Oh, don't be frightened gentlemen," said the door-keeper, "you may come in, the regulation does not extend to puppies."

## Strayed or Stolen.

STRAYED or Stolen from the enclosure of Hiram W. Katherin, on or about the 24th of August, 1837, a brown HORSE, five years old, has a natural tail, and carries his head low.

ASON BABCOCK.

Charleston, Sept. 15, 1837.

7-3w

## Came into the Enclosure

OF the subscriber in July last, two sheep marked "J. W." The owner is requested to prove property, pay charges, and take them away.

JOHN ARMINGTON.

St. Johnsbury, Sept. 18, 1837.

7-3w

## IMPORTANT. THE TEETHING

OF INFANTS. The time of dentition is a most important period of the infant state, and subject to many complaints and dangers. Above a tenth part of infants die at this particular juncture, by symptoms proceeding from the irritation of the exquisitely sensible nervous part of the gums which eventually induce fever, inflammation, gangrene, twitching of the tendons, convulsions, &c. which formidable symptoms can at all times be obviated from causing such infantile mortality, by mothers and nurses promptly allaying the local irritation of the parts. To effect this desirable object, Doctor J. L. Parish's celebrated Syrup for INFANTILE TEETHING is unrivalled, when applied to the infant's gums, (according to the directions), it universally produces immediate relief, it is so pleasant and palatable that all babies will instinctively allow the gums to be rubbed with it. This remedy has saved thousands of infants from a recurrence of that fatal complaint—convulsions—even after the child had several attacks of the malady! Sold at 100 Chatham street, New York, and at the Bookstore of E. P. WALTON & SON, Montpelier, Vermont.

4-1y

## DR. WM. EVANS' MEDICAL PREPARATIONS.

As the enjoyment of health depends on preserving the complicated functions of the stomach, liver, intestines, and lungs, in a healthy and vigorous state, through the operations of which the body receives its growth, its nutrition and its support. It can no longer be astonishing that when these viscera are deranged and cannot perform their proper functions, the whole system should suffer and become disordered. The blood is made from the contents of the stomach, has its red color and vitality given to it by the action of the lungs, and as it performs its duty in circulating through the veins and arteries, has its yellow or bilious excrement, which may be termed its refuse, worn out sediment, collected and discharged by the liver—the viscera, then, are the antimonial mechanism or apparatus by which the blood is manufactured and preserved; and it is therefore obvious that the state of these should be the first consideration of the physician. Now there are various causes that will affect and derange these organs with which the blood has nothing whatever to do. Thus the stomach may be utterly debilitated in one moment, by affliction, grief, disappointment, heat of the weather, or any other nervous action; and be wholly unable to digest its food. Is the blood to blame for this? A nervous action of long continuance will produce settled dyspepsia, with head ache, bile, mental and physical debility, and a funeral retinue of other evils. Is the blood to blame for this? Intemperance; by inflaming the coats of the stomach, and leaving it in flaccid prostrate weakness, and an undue quantity and continuance of purgative medicines by producing the same effects, will put this organ almost out of use for digesting wholesome solid food, and thus impoverish the blood and the whole system. Is the blood to blame for this? Again, with regard to the lungs, it is well known, that a slight cold, occasioned by damp feet or by a current of air, will inflame the bronchia, all down through the branching air tubes of the lungs and create either excessive mucus, or that dreadful insidious disease, consumption, with pustules and suppuration of the lobes, which through timely remedies may prevent, no earthly skill can cure. Is the blood of the fair and blooming victim to blame for this? So the liver, when cicatrical, sedentary habits, intemperance, or other prostrating causes have withered away or paralyzed it with distention, becomes unable to carry off the bile from the circulation, and instead of discharging it through the gall bladder, leaves it to come through the skin in jaundiced and sallow fluids, and to rush upon the stomach in irregular and excessive quantities. Is the unfortunate blood to blame for this? No: these vital organs are never affected by the blood, until after the blood has been affected by them; they are its makers and masters, and it is merely their work and their passive agent.

Knowing this to be a sound and demonstrated fact in science and experience, Dr. W. Evans' system of practice is in faithful accordance with it. He aims to keep the stomach, the lungs and the liver in vigorous and regular action, as the three great continents of health and life. For this purpose he describes his beautifully efficacious Aperient Pills (acknowledged by medical men who have analyzed and recommended them to be equal to any in the world) in cases which require the cleansing of the stomach and bowels, and his celebrated Camomile or Tonic Pills, in cases of nervous irritability, stomachic weakness, or general debility. A vast majority of human diseases having their origin in the general sympathy of the principal viscera with the nervous system; he thus seeks diseases in the most subtle fibres of its roots, instead of vainly hoping to extricate it by plucking off its leaves and more distant branches. His Aperient Pills will do all that any purgative medicine can do, that is, thoroughly cleanse the stomach and bowels; and his Camomile or Tonic Pills, containing as they also do the most delightful anodyne known in medicine, will do, have done, and are continually doing more to strengthen, restore and sustain the human constitution than any other medicine that has yet been discovered. Or this he has innumerable proofs, and this no man can deny without falsehood.

Dr. Wm. Evans' medical preparations are for all stomach and nervous diseases. In indigestion, dyspepsia, bilious affections or liver complaints, heartburn or acidity in the stomach, tightness at the chest, loss of appetite, pain in the side or flatulency, hypochondriacism, low spirits, palpitations of the heart, nervous weakness, fluor albus, seminal weakness, general debility, bodily weakness, chlorosis or green sickness, flatulency or hysteric faintings, hysterics, head ache, hiccup, sea sickness, night mere, gout, Rheumatism, asthma, the doloric, cramp, spasmodic affections, nausea, vomiting, pains in the side, limbs, head, stomach or back, dimness, or confusion of sight, noises in the inside, alternate flushings of heat and chilliness, tremors, watchings, agitation, anxiety, bad dreams, spasms, will in every case be relieved by an occasional dose of Evans' Camomile Pills.

Ladies during the time of pregnancy, are often troubled with sickness, vomiting, heartburn, head ache, tooth ache, hysterics and other troublesome symptoms effectually removed by these preparations. Sold at the Bookstore of E. P. WALTON & SON, Montpelier, Vt.

2-1y

## Improved Diving Flue Stoves.

E. & T. FAIRBANKS & CO. have on hand and will constantly keep for sale an assortment of this excellent article, which for economy, convenience and durability is surpassed by none in use.

St. Johnsbury, August 8th, 1837.

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